R2-20-305. Reporting Suspected Violations

A. Commissioners and employees Persons who have information, which that causes them to believe that there has been a violation of a statute or a rule set forth in this Article or that a Commissioner should not participate in a Commission decision, shall report promptly, in writing, such incident information to the Commission’s Chair or Executive Director.

B. When information made available to the Commission under subsection A indicates a conflict between the interests of a Commissioner or employee and the performance of his or her Commission duties, the Commissioner or employee shall be provided notice of the conflict issue and an opportunity to explain the conflict or appearance of conflict in writing. In the case of a Commissioner, the response shall be due ten days from the issuance of the notice. The Chair or Executive Director may decline to require a response if the claim is clearly meritless and in such event no response is required. In such cases, the Chair or Executive Director shall state in writing why the claim is clearly meritless and provide the writing to the person who provided the information and the Commissioner.
R2-20-306. Disciplinary and Other Remedial Action

A. A violation of this Article by an employee or Commissioner may be cause for remedial action or, if the matter involves a Commission employee, disciplinary action, which may be in addition to any penalty or enforcement mechanism provided by law.

B. When the Commission’s Executive Director determines that an employee may have or appears to have a conflict of interest, the Commission’s Executive Director may question the employee in the matter and gather other information. The Commission’s Executive Director and the employee’s supervisor shall discuss with the employee possible ways of eliminating the conflict or appearance of conflict. If the Commission’s Executive Director, after consultation with the employee’s supervisor, concludes that remedial action should be taken, he or she shall refer a statement to the Commission containing his or her recommendation for such action. The Commission, after consideration of the employee’s explanation and the results of any investigation, may direct appropriate remedial action as it deems necessary.

C. Remedial action pursuant to subsection (B) of this Section may include, but is not limited to:

1. Changes in assigned duties;
2. Divestment by the employee of his or her conflicting interest;
3. Disqualification for particular action;

or 4. Disciplinary action.

D. When the matter involves a Commissioner, the Chair and Executive Director may conduct an appropriate investigation or gather relevant information for consideration by the Commission. After review of relevant information and the response of the Commissioner, the Chair and Executive Director shall ensure that the matter is made part of the agenda for a Commission meeting for discussion and possible action no later than the next regular Commission meeting, unless there is less than one week before that meeting, in which case the matters shall be scheduled at the next subsequent meeting. The Chair may call for an interim meeting regarding the matter in the Chair’s discretion.

E. After consideration of the relevant information and Commissioner’s response at an open meeting the Commission may vote on an action for proper remedial action. Remedial action may include, but is not limited to:

1. An expression of the majority opinion of the Commissioners about voluntary remedial action the Commissioner at issue should take to resolve the conflict issues and ensure the appropriate level of impartiality in Commission proceedings; or 2. Disqualification of the Commissioner from participation in discussion or votes on any matter for which the Commissioner has, in the determination of a majority of the other non-disqualified Commissioners, a disqualifying conflict.